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A One Day
Charrette

Effectiveness Monitoring for Stream Restoration

The Maryland Water Monitoring Council
and the Maryland Stream Restoration
Association

Effectiveness Monitoring for Stream
Restoration - Can We Improve Methods,
Process & Communication?

Keynote Speaker – John Griffin – Secretary of
Maryland Department of Natural Resources



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“Time is running out for the Bay...”

*““Outer edge of credibility with the public in terms of getting
some results.”*

*“Stream restoration is part of the solution, and your work is
important ...”*

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Effectiveness Monitoring for Stream Restoration

Guiding questions:

- o - How can we demonstrate that stream restoration projects are meeting their objectives?
- o - How can we learn from stream restoration projects in order to improve stream assessment, restoration design, and project implementation?



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Effectiveness Monitoring for Stream Restoration

Plenary Speakers

Bill Stack, Baltimore City

Margaret Palmer, University of Maryland

Peter Wilcock, Johns Hopkins University

Concurrent Break-out Sessions: Improving Methods, Process & Communication

Water Quality

Geomorphology

Biological Community

Aesthetics/Recreation

Summary and Next Steps



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Effectiveness Monitoring for Stream Restoration

William P. Stack,
P.E.

Chief Water
Quality
Management
Section

Baltimore City
Department of
Public Works



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Why are we restoring streams vs. why should we restore streams?

1. For some it's obvious, (threatened infrastructure, serious erosion)
2. Satisfying CWA objectives...not as clear
3. Need to understand *impairments*, and role local impairment may have on downstream impairments
4. Restoration has shown benefits in sediment and nutrient reductions
5. For nutrients, we're making progress in WWTP and AG, but not yet in urban runoff

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Margaret A.
Palmer

Chesapeake
Biological
Laboratory

University of
Maryland Center
for Environmental
Science



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1. What we're doing needs change
 - presented results of NRRSS database; of 317 projects only 11 % had before and after and reference site monitoring, and only 10% related that monitoring to original goals of restoration
2. Adopt tiered monitoring requirements
 - motivation determines effort, effort varies and goals determine what is monitored
3. Develop sound basis for use of metrics – structural metrics don't necessarily represent function!
4. Identify criteria for priority – agree on why, and goals, develop reporting database, identify indicators of success
5. Rely on an independent body to approve projects
6. Build funds for improving methods and assessment

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Peter Wilcock

Geography &
Environmental
Engineering

National Center for
Earth-surface
Dynamics

Johns Hopkins
University



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Are we collecting stream monitoring information and using it to better inform the practice?

-Objectives need to be explicit and quantifiable

-With experiments there is some rigor applied to testing and reporting; which isn't easy with stream restoration

-Many challenges with monitoring

-Proposal – Maryland Stream Restoration Monitoring Center!

- Define best monitoring practice
- Archive & access monitoring data
- Coordinate and focus monitoring
- Analyze monitoring data
- Revise decision and design methods

Governing Board and Staff

Place where we can record best practices, archive data, coordinate, analyze and connect!



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Four Breakout Sessions –

Water Quality

Geomorphic

Biological

Recreation/Aesthetics

What is or should be monitored?

When and How?



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Water Quality

What should we monitor?

Concentrations

Sediment

Nutrients

Nitrogen (N)

Phosphorus (P)

Metals

Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)

Biology for abnormalities/invasives

Pesticides

Trash/debris

Pathogens

Temperature

Natural History

Wetlands

Assimilative

Capacity

Geomorphology

Hydraulic resistance

Hydrologic Residence Time

Root zone connectivity with base flow



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Effectiveness Monitoring for Stream Restoration

Geomorphic;

*What;
organized by
goal*

Restore Sediment Transport to Natural Conditions

- 1. Observe bank erosion; lateral migration of banks*
- 2. Observe exposed sediment.*
- 3. Measure Sediment Transport ;sediment flux through the site*
- 4. Assess Channel erosion and stability*

Restore Hydrologic Function

- 1. Monitor streamflow*
- 2. Monitor baseflow*
- 3. Channel Characteristics e.g. Roughness*
- 4. Floodplain characteristics*
- 5. Land use data and geology (discharge)*

Protect Infrastructure

- 1. Armoring to protect*
- 2. Monitoring to check for downstream impacts of structures*

Support of Biota

- 1. Vegetation*
- 2. Instream habitat quality*
- 3. Physical Structure*



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Effectiveness Monitoring for Stream Restoration

Most effective monitoring technique is to take channel cross section, profile and dimension pattern profile.

Complexity of the channel

Dynamic equilibrium

Geomorphic
How



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Biological

Watershed level

Land use

Water chemistry (including temperature)

Birds

Fish stocks/status of fisheries

BMP implementation

Mussels

Hydrology

Channel morphology

Invasive v native

Macro invertebrates

Habitat



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Biological

At the reach level

Macro invertebrates

Respiration

Periphyton

Birds

Fish

Salamanders/herps

Invasive v. native

Habitat

SAVs/Vegetation

Intermittent streams

Salamanders

Biota

Fungus

Denitrification

Carbon sequestration

Sandy Beds?

Epiphytic organisms

Roots and vegetation



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Recreation/
Aesthetics

WHAT TO MONITOR FOR RESTORATION EFFECTIVENESS:

Dependent on prior/anticipated use. May include:

- 1. visual appearance and sight lines*
- 2. riparian and in-stream vegetation*
- 3. Wildlife*
- 4. aquatic life*
- 5. stream and riparian soil stability*
- 6. human use, both active and passive*
- 7. opinions, both stakeholders and users*



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SUMMARY CHART

Outcomes		Scale	Frequency	Duration
Geomorphic Stability	Dimension/pattern/profile (channel complexity)	Hundreds of meters outside project – ~ 125%?	Annually	5 year minimum variable; maybe decades
Hydrologic Function	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Stream flow → Rainfall → Roughness (channel and floodplain) → 	Watershed (where flows expect to change or as necessary)	Continuous	10 years minimum
		Project scale	Annual	5 years and longer for trees
Support of Biota	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> In-stream habitat quality → <ul style="list-style-type: none"> depth of pool/riffles woody debris Vegetation → Physical structure – morphology/grain size/flood plain interaction → 	Project scale and reach scale (~ 125%)	Annual	5 years
		Project scale	Annual	5 years
		Project scale	Annual	5 years
Protecting Infrastructure	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Is it functional? Unintended consequences? 	Project Scale	After significant event and annually	5 years
		Project Scale	Same	5 years
Sediment Transport	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Bank erosion → Exposed sediment → Sediment transport flux → 	Site to reach scale	Annually and after event	5 years
		Same		Same
		Watershed or large project reach	Events – auto samplers	Couple of seasons after

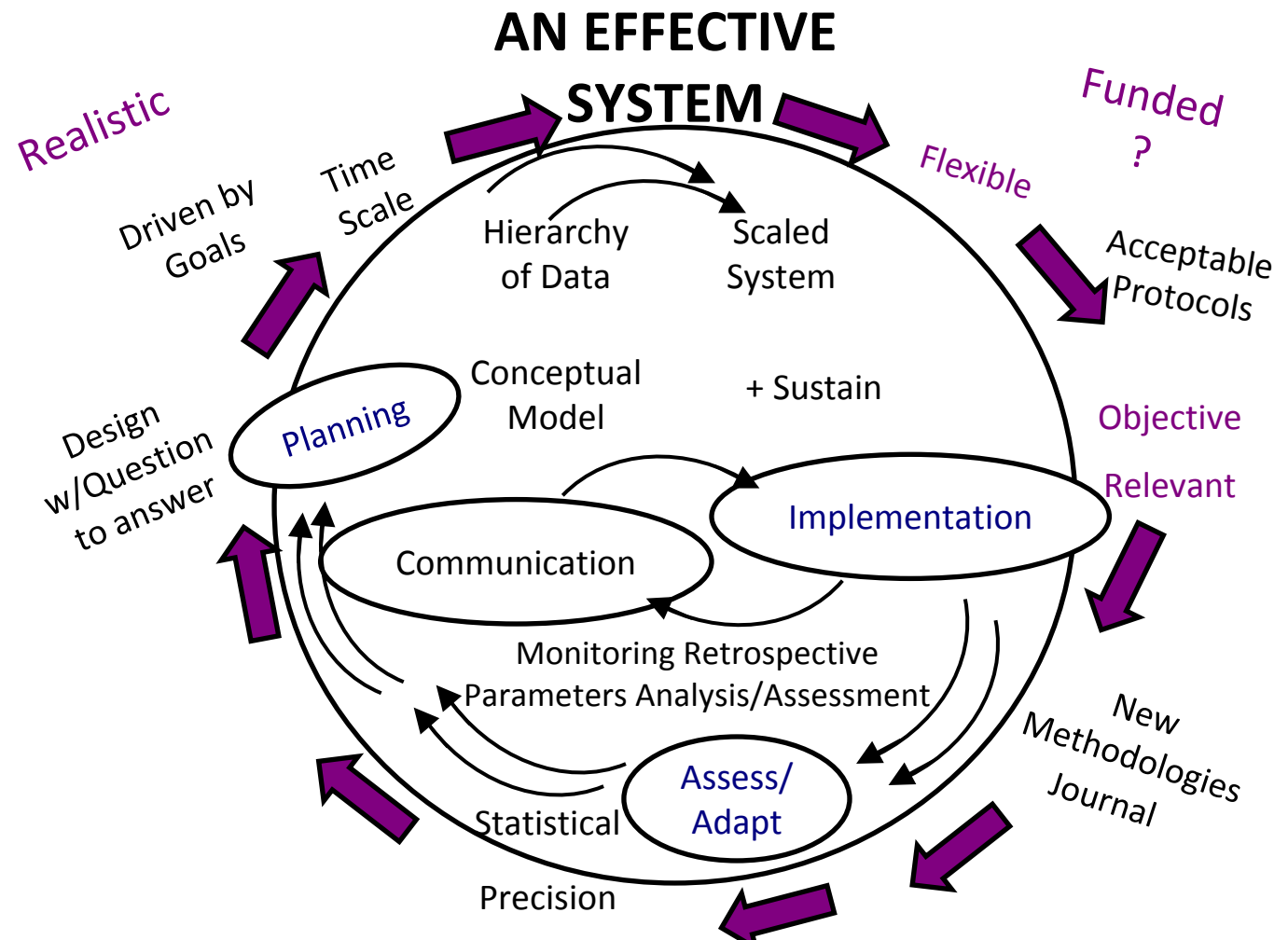


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Maryland Stream Restoration Association

Proceeding with Database

www.marylandstreams.org

Spring 2010 Meeting Elections for President
Elect and Secretary



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